G 4-1 Cold Neutron Two-Axis Diffractometer PYRRHIAS,

Cold Neutron Two-Axis Diffractometer PYRRHIAS,

Type of instrument	Two axis diffractometer
Type of instrument	
Beam tube	
Monochromator	
Take-off-angle	
Incident wavelength	$2.43 < \lambda (A) < 5.5$
Max. flux at specimen	
Max. beam size at specimen	. 10 x 50 mm ²
Detectors	Linear multidetector 800 cells (BF ₃)
Minimum step size scan	0.02° (2 0)
Angular range	
Angular resolution	
Data collection and	
Instrument control system	PC computer
Ancillary equipment	
<u>Milollary equipment</u>	A Christianson 1 E K + T + EEO K
	★ Cryofurnace 1.5 K < T < 550 K
	★ Furnace T < 1000°C
	★ High (hydrostatic) pressure cell : P < 23 Kbar
	★ Vertical magnetic field : H < 1.5 T
	5

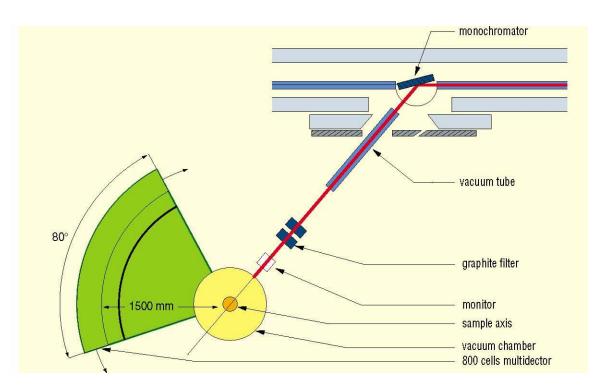
equipped with a vertical focusing pyrolytic graphite monochromator and a 800-cells multidetector covering a 80° -20 range (step 0.1° between 2 cells).

The most frequently used wavelength is 2.43 Å but can occasionaly be varied between 2.43 and 5.5 Å. The accessible 2θ diffusion angle covers the range 3° - 105°; in that range it is possible to perform diagrams with 0.02° step (2 θ).

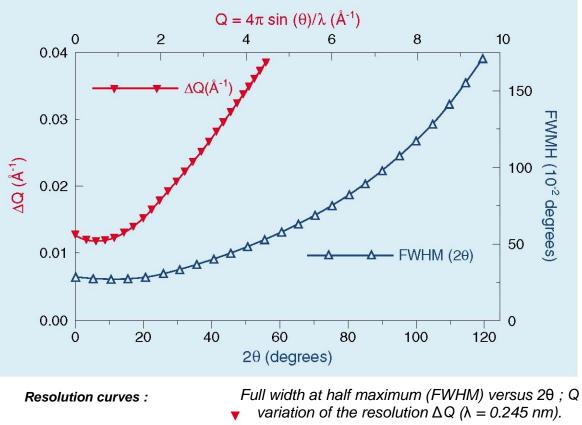
The instrumental resolution of the spectrometer being minimal at low 2 θ diffusion angle (2 θ < 60°), G 4-1 is particularly well adapted for magnetic structure determination.

G 4-1 is a two-axis powder diffractometer The high acquisition rate of the multidetector allows to perform diffraction studies (structural or magnetic) as a function of external parameters (temperature, pressure...) and to follow in situ cinetic reactions or phase transitions ; the minimal acquisition time is of the order of one minute. With longer acquisition time (a few hours) it becomes possible to detect and quantify minority phases present in a multiphase compound, generally down to 0.1% (weight percentage). Soon available :

• dilution cryostat down to 50 mK.



General layout of the cold neutron two axis diffractometer G 4-1.



Responsible : F. Damay



e-mail : francoise.damay@cea.fr